HANNA ON CAPITAL AND LABOR

THE SENATOR'S ADDRESS AT THE CHAUTAUQUA ASSEMBLY.

He Says Organized Labor Has Come to Stay-Labor, He Adds, Is Entitled to a Greater Share of the Products of Industry Than It Has Enjoyed in the Past.

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Senator Hanna gave an address at the Chautauqua Assembly this afternoon on "Capital and Labor," explaining also the objects and work of the Civic Federation. He was introduced by Bishop John H. Vincent and spoke to an audience of 8,000 persons. Among those on the platform were Secretary of State John T. McDonough and Speaker S. Fred Nixon. In a measure the address was a repetition of his I rhana address.

Organized labor-or, as we know it better, union labor-is an imported article. It came to us with the influx of population from the old world, from conditions which do not and cannot exist in America. I was organized there under conditions which made labor antagonistic to capital, a feeling that every employer was against the laborer. Organized labor is an institution that has come to stay; it is an institution that is promoted by laboring men who seek to protect the aselves and whose hope is mutual benefit

My theory is that if you bring men gether in a way to make there know each other, and if you appeal to the head and the heart, you establish a bond between the two factions that cannot be broken The Civic Federation is trying to establish a condition of absolute confidence between employer and employee. I know that the tendency in this country and the world over has been to selfishly appropriate the larger part of the benefits of industry to capital. The laboring man is entitled to a greater share of the products of industry than he has enjoyed in the past.

* But there are other grievances than the matter of labor which demand attention; therefore they banded themselves together into organizations for their own benefit; organizations which, through proper means, will enable them to reach that source of power which will bring a remedy. These organizations, so far as I am familiar with them, carry beneficial features-a mutual assistance to the memtheir families. What better motive, what greater inceative can be urged to induce the amalgamation of labor than this? How much of that principle enters into the organization of capital? None of it, so far as I know.

The time is here when something must done. We must forget the idea that be done. there are any classes in our Government We must forget that there is any difference between the man who labors with his hands and the man who labors with his brains. We must strive to bring the different factions together upon the ground that both sides want to do what is right. It is a fact that more than 50 per cent. of the strikes in this country have been settled in favor of the laborers. We must concede then that they are right in the majority of cases,

and that capital is wrong.
"I believe that the labor leaders are just as honest, just as earnest and just as competent to discuss and act upon these great questions as are the capital - . Give them credit for this and you wan form a trust which will require no Constitutional amendment, a trust in each other.

"You cannot separate the interests of capital and labor. When you talk about organized capital in this country forming monopolies you talk nonsense. There are no monopolies in this country except such as are protected by patents.

"There is a great deal said from a demagogic standpoint against organized capital. In this twentieth contury the evolution from individualism to organization is perfectly natural. This evolution has led up to great changes in the methods of preduction and distribution. Organized capital is just as necessary to create the proper condition of industry as organized labor. If it is good for one to be organized it is good for the other. They are both good and necessary as applied to our con-ditions to-day and our development for the future. The combination of capital has brought to our industrial institutions great economic results, it has brought an increase in trade and higher wages to the

"When you tak about organized capital as a monopoly in this country you talk nonsense. As capital is organized and produces beneficial results, labor, which was organized many years before, will be the first to feel and recognize its effects. When we reflect how many men who were at the loom, the forge and the workshop are now capitalists, it is an inducement to the laborer to do his best. When you sttempt to put a check on enterprize, backed by ability and capital, you limit the power for the best development of the resources of this great

You remember how a few years ago the "You remember how a few years ago the balance of trade was largely against us as a nation, particularly in the industrial lines. This condition is now changed, and the balance is largely in our favor. This has been brought about by organization, by the organization of capital and organization of labor. These, with the natural resources of our country, have furnished us the means and opportunity formished us the means and opportunity formished us the means and opportunity formished. nished us the means and opportunity for this expansion of business, so that to-day the output of our factories far exceeds our

DEATH CAME BACK FOR HER. Mrs. Sanders Follows Her Husband, Not Knowing That He Had Gone.

Mrs. Elias Sanders died in the early hours of yesterday morning in the room on the top floor of 159 Leonard street, where she had lain at the point of death for three weeks ignorant of the fact that her old husband had passed away before her.

Elias Sanders kept a barber shop on the first floor of the little old-fashioned, threestory dwelling in Leonard street where in addition to the usual duties of his trade he pulled teeth after the manner of the old-time barber; thereby he got the title doctor. His shop became known as "The Gold Tooth" from a great gilded tooth which has swung over the door since he first began business there. Dr. Sanders first began business there. Dr. Sanders and his wife were very much attached to each other, and when Mrs. Sanders was taken ill a few weeks ago her husband was obliged to give up work in his shop. His great fear was that his wife would die first and leave him alone. On July 18 he died in his chair while telling his daughter that he prayed to go before his wife. He was 72 and Mrs. Sanders was 75.

Yacht Capsized; One Man Drowned.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Aug. 9.-William Kelly of New York city, with his two nephews, Benjamin and George Goodrich of Char-lotteville, town of Newfane, went sailing last evening at Olcott Beach. The yacht, which was hired of Stephen Lockwood, capsized about a mile out and the three hung on to the keel for over an hour, shouting for help. Before it arrived Benjamin Goodrich grew weak and, despite the efforts of his companions to assist him slipped of his companions to assist him, slipped off and was drowned. The other two

Wants to Bestore Miss Young to Her Father.

Mrs. Julia A. Young of Boston, who asked the New York police to find her adopted daughter, Frances May Young, who has been missing since Jan. 1, 1901, said yes-terday that she did not seek her because she wanted her as a witness in litigation. but solely that the girl might be readopted by her father, A. H. Merrill, of Brooklyn. Mrs. Young said she wanted to get the girl out of the possession of persons who had exercised a hypnotic influence over her and systore her to her father

BE A BULL, SAYS FISH. lilinois Central President Talks on the

National Prosperity. CHICAGO, Aug. 9 .- Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central Railroad, reached Chicago last evening on his way home to New York. He declared the nation's prosperity to be marvellous.

"The man that hasn't faith in his country's prosperity now," he said, "had better get out of it. The man is all wrong. The country is all right. The farmers and the business men have plenty of money. Look at the banks. The man who 'bulls' the prosperity market will win. He will come out victorious nine times out of ten."

Mr. Fish believes that if there were ten victorious nine times out of ten first-class railroads in Chicago, instead of only five, there would be a vast improve-ment in transportation facilities. He dement in transportation facilities. He de-clared that if the score of minor roads were merged into five companies. Chicago would

be infinitely better off.

"It is not a question of money with the railroads this year," continued President Fish; "it is a question of labor and material. The country is prosperous, and if the crops turn out all right, the railways will have more than they can handle. The Illinois Central is now crowded to the limit at dwe are putting in double track just as fast on. infinitely better of are putting in double track just as fast as we can. We will spend \$4,000,000 this fall out of the earnings alone. It takes a lot of money to run a railroad, you know, and are going to increase our capital stock

The railroads generally are having all the business they can attend to, and more The delayed trains on all the trunk lines,

ARMOURS OUT OF ST. PAUL? Report Says They've Sold One-fifth Interest to E. H. Harriman.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.-The Armour interes in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad is reported to have been sold to E. H. Harriman. One-fifth interest in the road, according to the report, was sold for \$43,000,000, the stock being disposed of on a basis of 215. Of the same property the Rockefellers control one-fifth, Peter Geddes one-fifth and the remaining two fifths are held in smaller lots.

The sale of itself would not give Mr Harriman control of the road. He would supplant the interest that principally supported President Earling and the latter's policy to make the system more power-fully independent. One result of the sale is said to be the stopping immediately o all work in extension from Evarts, S. D. to the Pacific Coast.

While E. H. Harriman, himself, could no be reached, prominent railroad men were disposed yesterday to ridicule a report that Mr. Harriman had bought from the Armours at 215 a one-fifth interest in the \$100,000,000 of capital stock of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company. A repre-sentative of J. P. Morgan & Co said it was

C. N. BLISS OUT OF THE LEAGUE. Mr. Wakeman's Protective Tariff Society Loses Other Members Also.

Although the American Protective Tariff League, the headquarters of which is in West Twenty-third street, takes every precaution to keep its membership secret, t became known yesterday that Cornelius N. Bliss, ex-Secretary of the Interior, who was one of the governors of the organization, resigned several months ago. Mr. Bliss was instrumental in having Wilbur F. Wakeman appointed Appraiser of the port by President McKinley. President McKinley decided a few months before his death, to remove Mr. Wakeman, and it came out at that time that Mr. Wakeman no longer had the enthusiastic support of Mr. Bliss.

The league, through Mr. Wakeman, who is the moving spirit in its management, opposed President Roosevelt's Cuban policy, declaring that the beet sugar growers and makers would defeat the party this fall if there was any lessening in the duties on Cuban sugar. Mr. Bliss is said to have disapproved of this attitude on the part of the league, and it is said that when he left the organization, several other important members went out

FOILED AGAIN.

Justice Dickey Permits the Improvement of Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn, to Go On.

The attempt to prevent the improvement of Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, was rustrated yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Dickey. Robert W. Holmes, who represented himself as a Harlem taxpayer, began an action against Comptroller Grout the Long Island Railroad Company and Atlantic Avenue Improvement Commission to restrain the city from paying its share for the improvement on the ground that the law providing for it was unconstitutional. A motion was made for a tem-porary injunction pending the trial of

Supreme Court Justice Dickey in Brooklyn, yesterday denied the motion and wrote on the paper: "To my mind there is not sufficient strength in the claim of the plaintiff as to the unconstitutionality of the act under which the work is being done to justify the tying up of the monnecessary for the continuance of the work.

FIREMEN CATCH A THIEF. Found Him in a Barrel and Recovered Stolen Pocketbook

Alfred Roberts, 18 years old, of 777 Second avenue, this city, snatched a pocketbook in Van Vorst street, Jersey City, yesterday from Mrs. Kate Kilmurray, a widow, who lives at 161 Sussex street. He ran around the corner into Sussex street, pursued by

the corner into Sussex street, pursued by two members of Truck Company 1 of the Jersey City Fire Department, and gave them the slip by dodging into Day & O'Donnell's barrel factory. The firemen found the youth hidden in a barrel. They took Mrs. Kilmurray's pocket-book away from him and escorted him to the First Precinct station where he was locked up. locked up.

CONEY'S HOTELS TO BE MEASURED When the Work Is All Done Capt. Knipe May Tell Something.

Capt. Knipe, after a week at Coney Island, decided yesterday that many of the so-called hotels at the resort were not conforming strictly to the requirements of the Raines law, and he gave a second warning that all such would be closed. Sergt. Fogarty, with a rule and a tape measure, was sent out with instructions to measure the rooms, kitchens and dining-rooms of all the doubtful places. His report is to be made after all of the places have been visited. have been visited. No inkling of what is discovered is to get out until such time as the captain directs.

S. P. C. A. AFTER MAIL DRIVERS. Jersey Society Threatens Wholesale Ar-

rests of Uncle Sam's Servants. The Hudson County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is after the drivers of mail wagons which daily cross the ferries from Manhattan to New Jersey.
"Their horses are the most cruelly treated of any that we see in the county," one of the society's agents said yesterday.

"We don't like to interfere with Uncle
Sam's business, but in future we shall
make wholesale arrests if the practice

Business Troubles

Simon Jacobs of 220 Sixth street, formerly of S. Jacobs & Co., builders at 212 Clinton street has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities \$470,728 mostly secured, and no Habilities \$4.0,725 inches; as the assets.

Henry J. Steege who did business as the Henry J. Steege Company, importer of olive oil, at 6 Harrison street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities \$21,655, and nominal assets \$17,661. There are twelve creditors in Italy,

MINE WATCHMAN'S MURDER

CONFESSION SAID TO HAVE BEEN OBTAINED.

Austrian Miner Arrested Yesterday Regarded as the Actual Slaver -- Warrants Out for Many Strike Pickets Soldiers' Hard Job at Shenandoah

WILKES-BARBE, Pa., Aug. 9.- The fourth and last man to be arrested for the murder of the Bliss mine watchman, Daniel J. Sweeney, was put in jail to-day. He is Paul Tomsheck, an Austrian, and is believed to have formed the conspiracy and struck the blows after his three accomplices had lured the victim to the spot selected for murder. One of the three suspects arrested on Wednesday, it is understood, furnished County Detective Richard Jones with the information which led to the arrest of Tomsheck and this morning, after Tomheck had been jailed, made a confession to District Attorney Benjamin Jones.

Sweeney had been a marked man ever since the end of June, when after a severe beating which laid him up for many days he had a number of his assailants arrested and punished. After that he was on the alert, for he heard the threats against him and knew his life was in danger. The plot, it is understood, was for the three men who were first arrested to make friends with him, which they did, and when he left Melarnick's Hotel to go to the mine at 11 o'clock on Tuesday night they accompanied him and within two minutes led nim to the spot selected, where he was beaten to death. According to the prisoners, the blows were all struck by Tornsheck. The latter was held without bail for trial. District-Attorney Jones con-

siders the case now complete. The Blisslocal of the United Mine Workers has passed strong resolutions condemning he murder, and saying that it was done by an enemy of the union, and that the union desired all the men guilty of it to be punished.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company to-day took active measures against the strikers who have picketed the Woodward colliery during the week and prevented men returning to work. The colliery was to have resumed last Monday but the strikers heard of this intention and several hundred of them surrounded it, preventing the men going to work. The company has had warrants issued for thirty-one of the pickets, and others will be sworn out as soon as the men are recog-

A large force was collected at the Temple Coal and Iron Company's mine at Wyoming to-day, and it is reported that work will

be resumed there on Monday. "Mother" Jones, who has been brought to this region to aid in preventing the desertions of the strikers, delivered a flery speech at Plymouth to-day to about 2,000 strikers. On Monday she will make a speech at Nanticoke. Mass meetings are being arranged for in the parts of the region where there are the strangest indications. where there are the strongest indications of the strikers weakening.

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 9.—The Pancoast coal Company at Throup has been conducting a washery at which a number of men are steadily employed. This has angered the strikers. To-day they moved upon the washery in a body and sought to induce the non-union men to quit work.

The guards fired a few shots into the air. They had the desired effect of dispersing the crowd. The company has determined o make arrests so as to prevent acts of

his kind in the future.

The Dodge mine of the Lackawannay Company, which got going yester making four in all now working in this city, worked about two hundred mento-day and expects to add to the number elmost

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 9. den. dollar and his staff held a conference last night to devise some plans for preventing the devise some plans for preventing the devised irritation of the soldiers by the SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 9.—Gen. Gobin continued irritation of the soldiers by the foreigners, which, it is feared, will soon lead to a serious conflict. Day after day the co Mct of the foreigners grows more impertinent and annoying. They elbow soldiers on the sidewalk, curse them as they pass, refuse to move along when ordered to do so, and during the night keep the camp and town guards on the alert by the firing of shots and the frequent throwing of stones from behind some conthrowing of stones from behind some con-

Then they run, and the efforts of the soldiers to overtake them have thus far proved futile. The officers reported that the men, under this constant annoyance, had held their temper well and been cool and tactf 1, but that now they are on edge and more violent interference than usual migh precipitate a fight.

What measures were decided upon was not announced this morning, but the order has gone out that the solders shall be more strict and shall be prompt to arrest men who do not obey quickly, while the patrols about the camp shall deal vigorously any person creating a disturbance or threat

ening the guards.

President John Fahv, of the Ninth United President John Fahy, of the Ninth United Mine Workers district, who arrived here last evening, instructed officers in charge of local strikers to impress on the minds of the men the vital necessity of observing the law, and in particular the futility of angering the soldiers.

Gen. Gobin reported everything quiet this morning. The heliograph between his headquarters here and the camp a half mile away is working satisfactorily, together with the telephone and telegraph, so that

with the telephone and telegraph, so that at a minute's notice he can transmit and receive information.

The Governor's Troop started out early to-day on a ride through the valley to learn if families of non-union men had been assaulted last night while the heads of the families were at work. In addition to infantive particle of the started families are the started families and the started families are started for the started families. fantry patrols here, during the night out-posts of troopers were posted at every approach to collieries so as to guard against strikers' pickets holding up non-union

OBITUARY.

William S. Temple, who died at 136 Macdougal street yesterday, was a veteran of the Ninth Pennsylvania Infantry and enjoyed the distinction of being the orderly who bore from Gen. Hancock the request for a reprieve for Mrs. Surratt to Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War. Upon Gen. Hancock devolved the direction of the execution of Payne, Atzerodt, Herold and Mrs. Surratt on July 7, 1885, in Washington. Gen. Hancock inclined to lenity in the case of Mrs. Surratt, sent his orderly, Temple, with an appeal to the Secretary of War for a reprieve, but Secretary Stanton, anticipating such an appeal, gave directions that no message for him was to be delivered at the War Department on July 8 and Temple returned with the communication unopened. Temple, who was 55 years of age, had been living in the Fifteenth ward since the Presidential camdidacy of Gen. Hancock in 1880. He was a member of the Tecumseh Democratic Club. First Lieut. Raipa P. Brower, Artillery Corps, U. S. A., died of heart failure at Tallac, Cal., on Aug. 7. He was born Feb. 12, 1874, in Champiain, Ill., and resided there up to the time of his appointment as a Second Lieutenant in the Seventh Artillery, in July, 1808. The next year he was transferred to the Third Artillery and remained with it until the abolition of artillery regiments and their division into batteries and companies. He became a First Lieutenant in February, 1901. Lieut. Brower was at Willet's Point and Fort Slocum, N. Y., for the first seven montas of his service. Afterward he served at Fort Riley, Kan., and at the Presidio of San Francisco.

John W. Taylor, 87 years old, a veteran of the Civil War and a native of Rockford, Ill. died on Friday night at the home of his son, James W. Taylor, 101 South Mountain avenue, Montciair, N. J., after an illness of four weeks. Mr Taylor was in the Army of the Cumberland and served with the Fourteenth Army Corps on Gen. Rosecrans's staff. A widow, two sons and one daughter survive him.

Fourteenth Army Corps on Gen. Rosecrans's staff. A widow, two sons and one daughter survive him.

survive him.

Benjamin L. Cowles, whose funeral took place yesterday from his late home at 50 Madison street, Brooklyn, had been engaged in the manufacture of axle grease at 231 Fulton street. Manhattan, for twenty-five years. He served through the Civil War in Custer's Brigade and was one of Gen. Grant's bodyguard at Appomattox when Lee surrendered.

LITTAUER MAY BE SHELVED.

Contest for the Nomination for Congress in the New Twenty-fifth District.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Aug. 9 .- Thus far six meetings of the Republican Congress Committee of the Twenty-fifth district have been held at Saratoga Springs without agreement as to the basis of representation at the coming convention. Adjournment has been taken until Tuesday of next week. There are three candidates for the nomination for Congress in the new district, Congressman Stewart of this city, who represents the Twenty-first district, Congressman Littauer of Gloversville, who represents the Twenty-second, and Congressman Emerson of Warrensburg, the Representative of the Twenty-third district. Until yesterday it had been guite generally

believed that Congressman Littauer be the nominee, but those on the to-night intimate that either Stewart or Emerson will be nominated, or a new man possibly State Committeeman Jacob Snell of Fonda, who was a candidate for Senator of Fonda, who was a candidate for Senator in the Twenty-seventh district, but at the request of Gov. Odell gave way for Spencer Kellogg Warnock. It is intimated that Mr. Snell believes that Congressman Littauer is responsible for his losing the Senatorial nomination, and therefor Snell is not in favor of Littauer's nomination for Congress in the new district. Snell con-Congress in the new district. Snell con-trols the Montgomery delegation to the

Congress convention.

The friends of Littauer are using their pest efforts in his behalf with Senator Platt to have Snell concede Littauer's nomination. President Roosevelt, it is said, desires the nomination of Littauer. Senator Platt holds the balance of power, and it is be-lieved that ultimately he will put a quietus on Committeeman Snell.

DEMOCRATS TO HELP O'BRIEN. Politics Appearing in the Case of the Accused Soldier.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Aug. 9 .- Ex-Corporal Richard T. O'Brien, who was arrested in North Adams, Mass., Thursday night on a charge of perjury in connection with his testimony before the Senate Committee on the Philippines last May, was arraigned in this city this morning before United States Commissioner E. M. Wood. He pleaded not guilty. Examination was waived by the prisoner's counsel, who contended that the warrant issued to Detective Muller of Washington was faulty. and that the arrest on the warrant, which was good only in the District of Columbia, had been irregular.

Assistant United States District Attorney

the Government's case, swore out a new complaint alleging that O'Brien was a fugitive from justice. Bail was fixed at \$5,000. O'Brien was taken to Boston and will be confined in the Suffolk county until the court orders his removal

Washington. It is said that O'Brien has been in corre spondence with members of Congress, hat the Democrats will look out for him Washington, and that high influence will give him assistance in preparing his defence. O'Brien will request the Govern-ment summon from Manila several soldiers who served in his company.

THE WATER IN VERMONT.

Both McCullough and Clement Men to Try for the Legislature.

BARRE, Vt., Aug. 9.-An interesting political situation is likely to develop here next week. The McCullough men have called Representative caucuses for next Thursday and the Clement men have done the same for Friday night. Should nom-inations be made by both, the Democrats think they will have a chance to win out

Ohio for Roosevelt, Savs Bushnell,

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug, 9.-Ex-Gov. Bushnell of Ohio, Mrs. Bushnell and several women arrived in St. Paul vesterday on their way to Yellowstone Park. Gov. Bushnell declared himself unqualifiedly in favor of a second term for President Roosevelt. "Senator Foraker, Senator Hanna and many other party leaders in nounced publicly that Roosevelt would be

Gen. Grosvenor Nominated Again

LANCASTER, Ohio, Aug. 9 .- Gen. Charles H. Grosvenor was nominated for his eighth term in Congress by the Republican convention of the Eleventh District to-day The nomination was made by acclamation Gen. Grosvenor was nominated at Athens several months ago but was nominated again to-day because the Legislature transferred Fairfield county from the Twelfth to the Eleventh district.

Nominated for the Assembly.

LYONS, N. Y., Aug. 9. - The Wayne County Republican Assembly Convention was held this afternoon at Walcott, and Addison P. Smith of Savannah was unanimously nomi-nated. Mr. Smith is chairman of the Wayne County Board of Supervisors.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC-THIS DAY. Sun rises 5:04 | Sun sets 7:07 | Moon sets.10 50 HIGH WATER-THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook 12:03 | Gov. 1'd. ...12:39 | Hell Gate... 2:28

Arrived - Saturdat, Aug. 9.
Se St. Paul, Southampton, Aug. 2.
Ss Ita Touraine, Havre, Aug. 2.
Ss Ryndam, Rotterdam, July 31.
Ss Panama, Bordeaux, July 19.
Ss Condor, Montevideo, July 11.
Ss Energie, Stettin, July 23.
Ss Vigilancia, Vera Cruz, July 31,
Ss Korona, Demerara, Aug. 1.
Ss Milos, Phitadelphia, Aug. 8.
Ss Kansas City, Savannah, Aug. 6.
Ss Jefferson, Norfolk, Aug. 8.
Bark Germania, Salaverry, June 1.

ARRIVED OUT. Se Columbia, from New York, at Hamburg.

SAILED PROM POREIGN PORTS Ss St. Louis, from Southampton, for New York, Ss Ia Lorraine, from Havre, for New York, Ss Umbria, from Liverpool, for New York, Ss Columbia, from Glasgow, for New York, Ss Kroonland, from Antwerp, for New York, Ss Bremen, from Bremen, for New York,

OUTGOING 8		
Sad To-	morrow.	
	Malls Close.	Vessel Sails.
Hamilton, Norfolk	herenger.	3 00 P M
Sall Tuesda	v. Aug. 12.	2000
Kalser Wilhelm der Grosse		
Bremen	6 30 A M	10 00 A M
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	27 1 1 1 1 1 1 K	12 00 M
Alliança, Colon	9 30 A M	1 00 P M
Fontabelle, St. Thomas	12 30 P M	3 00 P M
Algonquin, Charleston	*******	8 00 P M
Jefferson, Norfolk	Acrit 4 (2.1)	3 00 P M
El Rio, Galveston	********	3 00 P M
Sau Wednes	day. Aug. 13.	
St. Paul. Southampton	6 30 A M	10 00 A M
Germanic, Liverpool	8 30 A M	12 00 M
Sardinian, Glasgow	********	Accessors.
El Dorado, New Orleans	******	3 00 P M
Sabine, Galveston		3 00 P M
Jamestown, Norfolk	*******	3 00 P M
	-	
INCOMING 8	TEAMSHIPS.	
Due T	o-day.	
Afghanistan		Into 24
Algonquin		
Vaderland		
Tripoli		
El Sud		

п	Germanic, Liverpool 8 30 A M	12 00 M
1	Sardinian, Glasgow	Accessors
1	El Dorado, New Orleans.	300 P M
1	Sabine, Galveston	3 00 P M
1	Jamestown, Norfolk	3 00 P M
1		
1	INCOMING STEAMSHIPS.	
1	Due To-day.	
1	Afghanistan Gibraitar	July 26
1	AlgonquinJacksonville	
1	Vaderland Antwerp	
1	Tripoli Hamburg	
1	El Sud New Orleans	Aug. 5
ł	Ponce San Juan	Aug. &
1	Due To-morrow.	
١	Minneapolis London	Aug. 2
1	Anchoria	
1	Tauric Liverpool	
1	LancastrianLiverpool	July 30
1	ZuliaCuracoa	.Aug. 4
1	Hilary Para	July 30
1	Proteus New Orleans	Aug. 6
1	Colorado Brunswick	Aug. 8
١	City of Birmingham Savannah	Aug. 8
ı	Due Tuesday, Aug. 12.	
1	Barbarossa Bremen	Aug. 2
1	Hohenzollern Gibraltar	
1	Elizabeth Liverpool	
1	FinanceColon	
1	Concho	
1	Iroquois Jacksonville	
1	Due Wednesday, Aug. 13.	
1	TeutonicLiverpool	Aug. 6
١	Kaiserin Maria Theresia. Bremen	Aug 5
1	Nord AmericaNaples	
1	Exeter City Swansea	July 30
1	Nicomedia Stettin	July 27
1	Due Thursday, Aug. 14.	
1	Due I hursday, Muy. 14.	

MOTORMEN WILL ASK LESS.

ELEVATED EMPLOYEES MODIFY THEIR LIST OF DEMANDS.

The Company Not Hiring Men to Take the Places of Those Who May Strike Motormen on Surface Roads Would Like the Jobs-Skitt Here Monday

Pending the return to this city of Vice-President Skitt of the Manhattan Railway Company, the Grievance Committee of the dissatisfied motormen-engineers and firemen of the elevated road held another conference yesterday at the Broadway Central Hotel with the representatives of the engineers' and firemen's brotherhoods and modified their schedule of demands.

Vice-Grand Chief Youngson of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers persuaded them to strike out some of the twenty-three demands in the agreement which Mr. Skitt refused to sign. Mr. Youngson would not say what demands had been eliminated. It was learned, however, that the request for a nine-hour work day had been retained. In the conferences yesterday

noticeable that the motormen members of the committee were anxious to be on good terms with the firemen representatives. The motormen-engineers are getting \$1 a day more pay than the firemen and the former fear that this might be an inducement to the firemen to take their place in case of a strike. The firemen were assured that their in

terests would be carefully guarded in treating with the representatives of the company. Several whispered conferences took place between the firemen and Charles Wilson, Vice-Grand Master of the the afternoon. Wilson looks like a farmer but runs to diamonds and will not talk to reporters

Vice-Chief Youngson said that he had learned that Mr. Skitt will be here on Monday. When he visits Mr. Skitt to-morrow with the reconstructed schedule of demands he will be accompanied by Wilson and the entire Grievance Committee. Mr. Young son said he believed that Mr. Skitt woul do nothing until he had conferred with him.

"I am going home to my friends in Meadville, Pa.," he continued, "where I will remain to-morrow, and will get back here in time to make arrangements for seeing Mr. Skitt."

The report that the railway company had been engaging motormen for the electric cars in case of a strike was denied yesterday. Applications have been received, but no men have been hired and no men will be hired at present, it was said. Many motormen who have been working on the street car lines, especially the trip-pers, would be glad to get work on the electric cars of the elevated. The work is

considered lighter and the pay is better than on the surface car lines. Motormen who called at the office yestertay were told that motormen were not being hired, but that there was a demand for gatemen at \$1.25 a day. The following notice is posted in the office of the company:

All accepted applicants are appointed to the position of gateman or car cleaner and are in line of promotion. Promotions are made to the ranks of platform men, station agents, guards and firemen, in accordance with civil service rules. A Broadway motorman said yesterday that in his opinion the elevated railroad motormen had nothing to complain of.
"We have to use both our hands, one on the brake and the other on the controller, besides one foot constantly on the gong," he explained. "This is independent of the fact that our nerves are on the rack all the

time. A child may run across the stree within a yard of the car or a truckman may miscalculate in trying to cut us off at a corner. In all these cases we have to act on the instant. The elevated railroad motormen do not have these things to con-Chairman Jenck of the Grievance Committee said yesterday afternoon that there was no more friction among the members of the committee. Everything had been arranged and they would have a clean schedule to submit to Mr. Skitt to-morrow.

According to the motormen-engineers, if they get the nine-hour work day, based

on a five-trip instead of a six-trip day, it will be nominally nine hours, but really They say that the nec ssity of sounding a bell on every car of an electric train, beginning with the last car and ending with the motor car makes them lose time and a theoretical nine-hour day would practically be a ten-hour day, but this they would not mind.

NEW HAVEN STRIKE OVER. Victorious Trolley Men Cheered for Hours

in the Streets of the City. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 9.—The strike on the Fair Haven and Westville electric road, which began on Wednesday at 5 A. M. was declared off this evening at 6 o'clock, the trolley men's union winning out. The company signed an agreement to reinstate the twenty men who were recently dis-charged because they were conspicuous in the formation of the union, and to treat with a committee of the union composed of employees of the company at any time

when there was a grievance The cars began running about 7 o'clock When the first car arrived at State and Chapel streets, the centre of the city a thousand citizens cheered the crew. This enthusiasm was kept up for hours as each car passed through Chapel street.

American Bridge Company Strike Declared Off.

The strike inaugurated two months ago by about five hundred ironworkers employed by the American Bridge Company in Green-point was declared off yesterday.

CARRIED OFF HIS LITTLE GIRL. Lawyer Young's Wife Goes Into Hysterics

After Finding the Child Gone. BRANFORD POINT, Conn., Aug. 9 .- Mrs. Alexander C. Young of Hoboken, N. J., was not at her summer home at Castle Rock this morning and it was rumored that Rock this morning and it was rumored that she had gone to New Jersey to begin suit against her husband for kidnapping her little daughter yesterday. Young drove up to his wife's cottage at Castie Rock from the Branford Point House, where he has been stopping, and took his daughter away. His wife went into hysterics when she found her little girl was gone. Young sent a note to his wife telling her that the child was safe in his hands and that he was taking her to her home in Hoboken. Young's friends say that he has Young's friends say that he has legal right to the child.

Lawyer Young left at his office in Hobo-ken this written sttaement in answer to the charges made by his wife:

"It is true that I have my child in this State. She is not in hiding, but where her mother can see her whenever she desires. I took the child from Connecticut, and when I did so I gave notice that I would bring her with me to New Jersey. I took her openly, boldly and acted within the law. I know my rights and mean to keep my child within the jurisdiction of the courts of this State, and I am willing, and, indeed, would be glad to permit Mrs. Young it have her. But I do not propose to allow Lawyer Young left at his office in Hobocourts of this state, and I am willing, and, indeed, would be glad to permit Mrs. Young to have her. But I do not propose to allow her to remove the child to Paris and keep her there permanently, which she attempted to do."

Mr. Young is the County Attorney of Hudson, and was a candidate for Congress on the Democratic ticket five years ago. His wife is a niece of the late Ward Mc-Allister, and married him after he was divorced from his first wife. In the suit for divorce which she instituted against him in the Chansery Court of New Jersey in February she parmed as correspondents. in February she named as corespondents Nellie Webb and Mary Mosley, actresses. The suit was discontinued and the Youngs became reconciled, but it was later re-opened and transferred to the Supreme Court of this State before Judge Scott, who appointed George R. Abbott referee.

ARCHBISHOP NOT YET NAMED. No One in This Diocese Doubts That It Will

Be Bishop Farley. Bishop John M. Farley got home yesterday from the Catholic summer school at Plattsburg, N. Y. He said he had reeived no information of his appointment to be Archbishop of New York and that the published reports that he had been notified officially or privately were without authentic basis.

While there is no doubt in the minds of the Roman Catholic clergy and laity of this diocese that Bishop Farley will succeed the late Archbishop Corrigan, there is no good authority for the statement that the appointment has been made. The first news will come to this country in a Papal bull which will be derivered bull which will be derivered delegate at Washington. As Mgr. Martinelli has been absent from America since the death of Archbishop Corrigan, the the death of Archbishop Corrigan, the death of the death of the next in rank in the standard of documents will go to the next in rank in the delegation at Washington. Probably Cardinal Gibbons will be notified at the same time. The Papal delegate will send word to the appointee, who may himself name the time for his installation. name the time for his installation.

If Bishop Fariey is named he will be Archbishop from the moment he is appointed, the installation being merely a ceremony, not a necessary preliminary to the exercise of his higher powers.

Priests of this diocese said yesterday nat the appointment of bishop Farley had been assured by the letter of indorse nent which Cardinal Git bons sent to Rome The Cardinal will designate the eccleelastical authorities to install the new

DEMOCRATS TO CONTEST MAINE. Spelibinders From the South to Take Par in the Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The secretary of the Democratic Congress Committee sen out twenty telegrams last night to Brotherhood of Railroad Firemen, during distinguished Democrats in the South, calling for spellbinders to take part in the Maine campaign. The committee de clares its intention of making a vigorous canvas in the Pine Tree State. Four o canvas in the Pine Free State. Four of the best spellbinders have already con-sented to make speeches in Maine. Thes-are Representative L. F. Livingston of Georgia, Representative W. R. Richardof Alabama, Representative W. Sims of Tennessee and E. D. Poor of North Carolina. They will be in the State from Aug. 18 to Sept. 8

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS. Decline of One-Half in July as Compared

With the Same Month of 1001. WASHINGTON, Aug. 9 .- The total value of breadstuffs, consisting of barley, corn. oats, rye, wheat and flour, exported from the United States in July, was \$12,503,349, as against \$24,168,076 in the same month of 1901. The principal losses were in wheat and corn, only \$128,148 worth of corn and \$543,644 worth of wheat being exported from New York, as against \$2,177,259 and \$2,967,542, respectively in July of last year. There was also a decline in exports of these

products from nearly all the other ports of the country.

The exports of provisions from the United States in July last, amounted in value to \$111,759,918, as against \$130,444.568 in July of last year.

West Point Cadets and Alternates Appointed by the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.- The War Departnent announced to-day the following list of West Point cadets and alternates appointed by President Roosevelt for the class beginning June, 1903:

pointed by President Roosevelt for the class beginning June, 1903:

Principals—Lewis Merrill Scott, son of Capt L Hugh L Scott, Seventh Cavalry; Herbert Hayden, son of Lieutenant-Commander Edward E. Hayden, to S. N. Lewis C. Rockiewell, son of the late Capt. Charles H. Rockiewell, Fifth Cavalry; Paul Alexander Larned, son of Prof. Charles W. Larned, West Point, Fred T. Cruse, son of Capt. Thomas Cruse, Depot. Quartermaster at Manila; Maxwell Murray, son of Major Arthur Murray. Artillery Corps; George A. Mattle, son of Lieutenant Fourth Col. L. A Mattle, Fiftheenth Infantry; George Middleton, son of the late Major J. Passmore Middleton, Medical Department; Craig Harris, son of Senator Harris of Kansas.

Alternates—John L. Clem, Jr., son of Lieutenant Throop M. Wilder, son of Major W. E. Wilder, A. A. G., U. S. A.; watter R. Weaver, son of Capt. K. M. Weaver, Artillery Corps; Joseph D. Patch, son of Capt. A. M. Patch, U. S. A. retired; John W. Blauvelt, son of Capt. W. F. Blauvelt, Fitteenth Infantry; Alexander R. Dean, son of Alexander T. Dean, late Lieutenant Fourth Cavalry; Russell Wilson, son of Sidney L. Willson, pension agent at Washington; William S. Bergland, son of Major Eric Bergland, U. S. A., retired.

Mayor Eric Bergland, U. S. A., retired.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9 .- The gunboat Hist, has arrived at Newport; the training ship Lancaster, at New London; the gunboat Nashville at Corfu, the battleship Indiana (practice vessel for midshipmen) at Halifax, and the battleship Kentucky (flagship

fax, and the battleship Kentucky (flagship of Rear-Admiral Evans), the cruiser New Orleans and the gunboats Helena and Vicksburg at Chemulpo, Corea.

The training ship Alert, has sailed from San Ped o for Santa Barbara; the despatch boat Dolphin, from Boston for New London; the training ship Essex, from Portland for Hallfax; the distilling ship Arethusa, from Manila for Singapore the training ship Monongabela, from Cherbourg for Madeira, and the training ship Panther, from Provincetown for Philadelphia.

The Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Station, reports the following vessels ar-

Station, reports the following vessels arrived at Cavité: The gunboats Annapolis. Urdaneta, Yorktown, Qurios and de Cuba.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, Aug. 9 .- These army orders wer

Washington, Aug. 9.—These army orders were issued to day:
Assignments of officers recently promoted:
Capt. John P. Wade to Second Cavairy, Troop E. Capt. Elvin R. Heiburg, to Seventh Cavairy, Troop E. Capt. Robert McCleave to Tenth Infantry, Company D; Capt. Monroe C. Kerth to Twenty-sixth Infantry.
Capt. Augustus P. Blockson from Sixth Cavairy, Troop E. Capt. Elvin R. Heiberg from Seventh Cavairy, Troop E; Capt. Elvin R. Heiberg from Seventh Cavairy, Troop E; Capt. Joseph S. Herron from Troop E to Troop E; Capt. Joseph S. Herron from Troop E to Troop E; Capt. John P. Wade from Troop K to Troop E; Capt. John P. Wade from Troop K to Troop E; Capt. John P. Wade from Troop K to Troop E; Capt. John P. Wade from Troop K to Troop E; Capt. John P. Wade from Troop K to Troop E; Capt. John C. McArthur. Twenty-eighth Infantry, report to army retiring board at St. Paul for examination.

First Lieut. Charles J. Nelson, Twenty-fourth Infantry, transferred to Seventeenth Infantry, from duty at Military Academy, West Point, to Omnha, Neb., as aide de camp on the staff of Gen. John G. Bates.

Transfers in Twenty-fourth Infantry: Capt. William R. Dashiell, from Company B to Company E; Capt. Hunter B. Nelson, from Company G to Company C; First Lieut. Charles E. May, Jr., from Company I to Company M to Company A; First Lieut, Edward B. Mitchell, from Company D to Company A; First Lieut, Edward B. Mitchell, from Company D to Company A; First Lieut, Edward B. Mitchell, from Company D to Company A; First Lieut, Company A; First Lieut, Edward B. Mitchell, from Company D to Company D to Company B to Company A; First Lieut, Company D to Company D to Company B to Company D to Company B to Company D to Com issued to day: C. Sweeney, from Company M to Company A: First Lieut, Edward B. Mitchell, from Company D to

Company I.
These officers ordered to duty at Military Academy. West Point—Capts. Charles B. Hagadorn, Twenty third Infantry, and Peter E. Tramb, Fifth emy. West Point—Capts. Charles B. Hagadorn, Twenty third ligharty, and Peter E. Tramb. Fifth Cavalry.

Second Lieut. Roy T. Ballard, Philippine Scouts, recently appointed to Fort Thomas for temporary duty and thence Join his regiment in the Philippines. Changes in stations of Quartermasters—Capt. Jesse M. Baker, now at San Francisco, upon expiration of leave of absence, to duty as Quartermaster and acting commissary of the transport Thomas, relieving Capt. William H. Coulling, ordered to this city for consolation with the Quartermaster-General, and thence to Oswego, N. Y.

Leaves of absence granted: Col. James A. Buchanan, Porto Hico Provisional Regiment of Infantry, for two months; first Lieut. James Longatreet, Jr., Thirteenth Cavalry, extended 25 days; Capt. James H. McRae, Third Infantry, further extended two months: Capt. Thomas M. Corcoran, Commissary, Thirteenth Cavalry, extended one month: First Lieut. Archibald I. Harrison, Twenty-first Infantry, for three months.

These navy orders were Issued:

These navy orders were issued: These navy orders were issued:

Commander C. E. Fox, from Naval Observatory, Washington, to command the Adams.
Lieut.-Commander J. A. Dougherty, to the
Columbia with electrical school.

Pay Inspector H. G. Colby (retired), to charge
of navy pay offices. San Francisco.

Paymaster H. H. Suillvan, to navy yard, Boston.
Paymaster C. S. Williams, from navy yard,
Boston, and wait orders.

Passed Assistant Paymaster W. T. Gray, from
navy yard, Washington, to home and wait orders.

Passed Assistant Paymaster H. R. Insiey, from
navy pay office, San Francisco, continue other
duties. duties.

Passed Assistant Surgeon P. L. Pleadwell, from the Sylph to the Kearsarge.



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THE PROPOSED CUBAN LOAN

IT REVIVES THE SUBJECT OF A RECIPROCITY TREATY.

Little Doubt That Such a Treaty Will Be Ratified by the Senate - The Proposed Loan Plainly Forbidden by the Platt

Amendment to the Cuban Constitution.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The proposition of the Cuban Government to float a loan of \$40,000,000 has revived the subject of a reciprocity treaty between the United States and the new republic. Although no official communication has been sent to the Havana Government expressing disapproval of the proposed loan, it has, of course, become known to the Cuban officials that the loan proposition does not meet with

favor here. The opinion among officials in Washington, who are directly concerned in the treaty question growing out of the proposed Cuban loan, is that the issue of bonds by the Government of Cuba, even if it were not forbidden by the terms of the Platt amendment, would not afford substantial relief. They believe that the only enlightened method of affording relief to Cuba is by the negotiation of trade relations with the island such as were urged upon Congress at the late session by President Roosevelt. A loan secured by the issue of bonds of the Cuban Government would not relieve the prostrated sugar industry and other business interests of the island; and it is universally recognized there as here, that the root of the whole difficulty

Secretary Shaw has under consideration the question raised by the proposed Cuban loan, and he will probably make a report to the President on the subject in a few days. He had a conference with the Solicidays. He had a conference with the Solicitor of the Treasury to-day, but the matter is not yet concluded. Little doubt exists that the decision will hold that the pro-It was said to-day that the Cuban au-thorities might possibly appeal to Presi-dent Roosevelt immediately for a renewal

dent Roosevelt immediately for a renewal of the effort to secure the adoption of a reciprocal trade arrangement between Cuba and the United States. This was merely a suggestion, made from an official source, and it is not known that such a step is actually in contemplation by President Palma. Immediate relief through a reciprocity treaty would mean, of course, that Congress would have to be called together in extraordinary session. There was a time, shortly before the adjournment of the late session, when President Roosevelt strongly considered the advisability of calling an extra session early in the fall, but he abandoned this idea.

Some of the leaders of the Senate told him that it would probably be possible to secure the adoption of a reciprocity treaty secure the adoption of a reciprocity treat early in the next regular session. Mr Roosevelt's Fourth of July speech at Pitts Roosevelt's Fourth of July speech at ruis-burg indicated that he was determined that such a treaty should be egutiated and ratified, but it is known that at that ti whe had no idea of calling an extra se-sion to accomplish this purpose. Members of the Senate would certainly

be strongly opposed to an extra session, and to call them together now would be and to call them together now would be to encounter a prejudice entirely distinct from the opposition which some Senators feel toward the proposition to extend trade concessions to Cuba.

It is believed that there will be no serious obstacle in the way of ratifying a reciprocity treaty at the regular session. The Repub-

treaty at the regular session. The Republican conventions in several States have virtually repudiated the action of their Senators in opposing the President's Cuban policy, and some of these Senators will be found in line for the reciprocity measure when it is broathy into the Senators. when it is brought into the Senate.

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Events in Society and Other Matters of are more fully and intelligently handled by THE SUN and EVENING SUN than by other daily mediums.—Adv.